

File uploads

The Jack in the AppSec Box

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Who's talking?

Selfemployed Security Consultant

- Pentests: apps, networks, any systems.
- Help doing/fixing stuff properly
- Infosec management

Open Source engagements

- **Long time involved in OWASP activities**
 - national (German)International
 - OWASP AppSec Global in Hamburg 2013,
 - several international program committees
 - OWASP Docker Top 10 (not really alive anymore)
 - Some smaller contributions ...
- **Side "hobby": testssl.sh**

Threats (TL;DR)

- Server side
- Client side ("download" again from server)

Threats (TL;DR)

▸ Server side

- DoS (disk space) or DoW (w=wallet)
- Code injection / execution
 - in application
 - while backend processing
- Overwrite user/ server files
- Lack of access controls

Threats (TL;DR)

- **Client side**

- First: do we care?
 - Depends!
 - Application
 - Business
 - No one size fits all

File uploads 101

- **Important points first — applies not only for this talk:**

Server side controls!

File content validation 101

- ▶ **Never judge by the extension (or content type)!**
 - `file.jpg` or `file.png` could be
 - HTML file with embedded JS
 - executable script with a reverse shell using a netcat listener
 - not only a JPEG/PNG
 - files can be renamed: `file.jpg` → `file.php`
 - double extension: `file.asp.png`
 - `file.jpg%00.asp`, `file.asp\.png` `file.jpg%0d%0a.php`,
`file.jsp/.jpg`

File type validation 101

- ▶ **MIME type rules! (a.k.a. magic/file signatures)**
 - Look at the ~first couple of bytes in file
 - GIF89a, PNG, %PDF-1. , 0xFFD8 (JPEG)
 - Libraries take ~good care — but ...

File content validation: polyglots

► Problem:

- Some file formats are not strict
 - PDF marker can be in first 1024 bytes (definition 2008):

3.4.1 File Header

13. Acrobat viewers **require only that the header appear somewhere within the first 1024 bytes of the file.**

14. Acrobat viewers also accept a header of the form

`%!PS-Adobe-N.n PDF-M.m`

File content validation: polyglots

► Problem:

- Some file formats are not strict
 - PDF marker in ISO Standard 32000 (**2020**)

7.5.2 File header

The PDF file begins with the 5 characters “%PDF-” and byte offsets shall be calculated from the PERCENT SIGN (25h).

NOTE 1 This provision allows for arbitrary bytes preceding the %PDF- without impacting the viability of the PDF file and its byte offsets.



File content validation: polyglots

► Problem:

- Some file formats are not strict
 - PDF marker can be in first 1024 bytes (definition)
 - Or start with an offset, but...

FILE

JPEG

PDF

00000: ff d8 "START OF IMAGE" MARKER

00002: (ff e0)*<size.16> <content> "APP0" MARKER (REQUIRED HEADER)

00014: ff fe <size.16> "COMMENT" MARKER

+4: %PDF-1.5

999 0 obj
<<>>
stream

00039: ... (OTHER MARKERS, ORIGINAL JPEG DATA)...

xx : ff d9 "END OF IMAGE" MARKER

xx+2 : endstream
endobj

xx+14: %PDF-1.5 ...

PDF SIGNATURE

STARTING A DUMMY BINARY OBJECT

CLOSING THE DUMMY OBJECT

ORIGINAL PDF CONTENTS (MULTIPLE SIGNATURES ARE IGNORED)

*REPLACED WITH 00 00 TO BYPASS ADOBE FILTER

<https://github.com/angea/pocorgtfo/blob/master/releases/pocorgtfo03.pdf>

challenge and begun dissecting the format. The first four bytes are a valid non-ASCII JavaScript variable **0xFF 0xD8 0xFF 0xE0**. Then the next two bytes specify the length of the JPEG header. If we make that length of the header **0x2F2A** using the bytes **0x2F 0x2A** as you might guess we have a non-ASCII variable followed by a multi-line JavaScript comment. We then have to pad out the JPEG header to the length of **0x2F2A** with nulls. Here's what it looks like:

```
~/Downloads ➤ xxd -c 32 xss.jpg | head -2
```

```
00000000: ffd8 ffe0 2f2a 4a46 4946 0001 0101 0048 0048 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 ...../*JFIF.....H.H.....  
00000020: 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 .....
```

```
~/Downloads ➤ xxd -c 32 xss.jpg | head -379 | tail -2
```

```
00002f20: 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 fffe 001c 2a2f 3d61 6c65 7274 2822 4275 7270 .....*/=alert("Burp  
00002f40: 2072 6f63 6b73 2e22 293b 2f2a ffdb 0043 0003 0202 0302 0203 0303 0304 0303 0405 rocks.");/*...C.....
```

```
~/Downloads ➤
```

<https://portswigger.net/research/bypassing-csp-using-polyglot-jpegs>

File content validation: polyglots

► Problem:

- Some file formats are not strict
 - PDF marker can be in first 1024 bytes (definition)
 - Or start with an (kind of an) offset
 - Or is not unique: PK
 - zip apk epub jar xpi docx odp ods odt pptx xlsx ...
 - ZIP, 7z, RAR, HTML do also not enforce a zero offset

```
~/somedir ➤ for f in *; do  
for> echo -n "$f  "; xxd -c4 $f|head -1  
for> done  
file1.docx  00000000: 504b 0304  PK..  
file2.zip   00000000: 504b 0304  PK..  
file3.jar   00000000: 504b 0304  PK..  
~/somedir ➤
```

Demo

Even worse...

- **PDF**

- JavaScript
- actions; links —> can download stuff / SSRF
- embedding files like malware (e.g. EXE)

- see doom.pdf before my talk

- **Office docs**

- Can contain viruses, macros etc.
- Appear as ZIP
- ZIP bombs
- XXE
- XML and other Injection

File content validation

▸ Defense (server side)

- Developer: use library for validation
 - Test it: polyglots, e.g. github.com/Polydet/polyglot-database
 - Refine as needed (strict start at @0x00)
- Allow-list your file types, deny all others
- Re-downloads: as attachment
- Embedded:
 - X-Content-Type-Options: nosniff,
 - e.g. CSP as XSS (further) mitigation
- Resize image
 - Careful with tools like ImageMagick

Imagemagick : Vulnerability Statistics

[Products \(3\)](#) [Vulnerabilities \(652\)](#) [Search products](#) [CVSS Report](#) [Metasploit Modules](#)

Vulnerability Trends Over Time

Year	Overflow	Memory Corruption	Sql Injection	XSS	Directory Traversal	File Inclusion	CSRF	XXE	SSRF	Open Redirect	Input Validation
2016	7	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
2017	58	41	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	13
2018	3	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2019	11	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2020	31	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2021	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2022	7	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
2023	6	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
2024	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2025	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	128	92			1				1		15

<https://www.cvedetails.com/vendor/1749/Imagemagick.html>

Be careful with BE processing

► **Bad ol' times: ImageTragick** (<https://imagetragick.com>)

CVE-2016-3714 - Insufficient shell characters filtering leads to (potentially remote) code execution

```
$ convert 'https://example.com"|ls "-la' out.png
total 32
drwxr-xr-x 6 user group 204 Apr 29 23:08 .
drwxr-xr-x+ 232 user group 7888 Apr 30 10:37 ..
```

CVE-2016-3718 - SSRF

```
ssrf.mvg
-----
push graphic-context
viewbox 0 0 640 480
fill 'url(http://example.com/)'
pop graphic-context
```

```
$ convert ssrf.mvg out.png # makes http request to example.com
```

File content ~~validation~~ disarming

▸ Defense

- If possible use library for validation
 - Test it: polyglotts
- Allow list your file types, deny all others
 - Re-downloads as attachment
 - Embedded:
 - X-Content-Type-Options: nosniff,
 - e.g. CSP as XSS (further) mitigation
- Resize image
 - Careful with tools like ImageMagick
- Other tools: CDR = Content Disarm & Reconstruction

File content ~~validation~~ disarming

▸ CDR tools

- Work also on other file types
- DocBleach (Java) <https://github.com/docbleach/DocBleach/wiki/>
 - Office files, PDF , RTF
 - Removes Javascript, embedded files, macros
- Several closed source software (MetaDefender/DeepCDR, resec, votiro, gatescanner,...)

File storage

- **Threat: exec uploaded pics**
 - `file.php.png`, `file.jar%09.png`, `backdoor.jsp%0a.png`
 - `phar_polyglot.jpg`
 - `reverseshell.asp`
- **Defense:**
 - Treat it like data, not code!
 - store files "outside" application
 - minimum: directory
 - better: separate host (HTTP Header: CSP , Content-Type-Options: `nosniff`)

File names

- **Payload all the file names!**

- **Hackers best payload friends:**

- **Server:**

- XSS `file"><img onload=prompt(1)>.tiff`
- file traversal `file.jsp/../../../../web.xml%09.pdf`
- Command injection `; sleep 43;.png`
- SQLi `file%00'OR 1=1.png` `'sleep(42)-- .jpg`

- **Client:**

- Inject shell commands in scripts
- Inject cmd line options into commands
 - Wild card expansion ;-)

Wild card expansion ;-)

```
/tmp/testdir ➤ find . -type f | xargs ls -l
-rw-r-----@ 1 dirkw  wheel  0 Aug 25 00:51 ./a/aa/dee
-rw-r-----@ 1 dirkw  wheel  0 Aug 25 00:43 ./a/file1
-rw-r-----@ 1 dirkw  wheel  0 Aug 25 00:43 ./a/file2
-rw-r-----@ 1 dirkw  wheel  0 Aug 25 00:43 ./file1
-rw-r-----@ 1 dirkw  wheel  0 Aug 25 00:43 ./file2
/tmp/testdir ➤ touch ./-lR
/tmp/testdir ➤ ls *
-rw-r-----@ 1 dirkw  wheel  0 Aug 25 00:43 file1
-rw-r-----@ 1 dirkw  wheel  0 Aug 25 00:43 file2

a:
total 0
drwxr-x---@ 3 dirkw  wheel  96 Aug 25 00:51 aa
-rw-r-----@ 1 dirkw  wheel  0 Aug 25 00:43 file1
-rw-r-----@ 1 dirkw  wheel  0 Aug 25 00:43 file2

a/aa:
total 0
-rw-r-----@ 1 dirkw  wheel  0 Aug 25 00:51 deep
/tmp/testdir ➤
```

```
/tmp/testdir ➤ find . -type f | sort
./-rf
./a/aa/bbb
./file1
./file2
/tmp/testdir ➤ rm *
zsh: sure you want to delete all 4 files in /tmp/testdir?
(waiting ten seconds)
[yn]? y
/tmp/testdir ➤ find . -type f | sort
./-rf
/tmp/testdir ➤
```

File names

▸ Defense

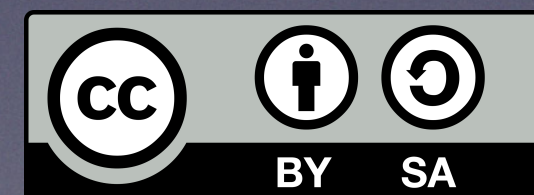
- Rename files
 - best before content validation
 - or at least immediately afterwards
- If not possible
 - reject / sanitise

Tusen takk



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Slides



: <https://drwetter.eu/fileuploads.pdf>